



Tribal Communities

- Tribal Sovereignty
 - "the inherent authority of indigenous tribes to govern themselves within the borders of the United States" (Goins et al., 2015, p. 8).
 - In research, tribes have research sovereignty through Tribal IRBs.
 - Sovereign nations who have special rights; they
 have the ability to set the course of tribal research
 in terms of data use and ownership, findings and
 research products.



Research Trauma

- Unethical research practices in tribal communities.
 - > Trachoma
 - ➤ Tarsectomy used on American Indians from 1900-1930s to treat trachoma. Radical practice involving removal of eye lids (Schanche Hodge, 2012).
 - ➤ Indian Health Service Sterilization Practices 1970s
 - American Indian women and girls were sterilized without their knowledge or consent (Schanche Hodge, 2012).

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Research Trauma

- ➤ Indian Health Service Sterilization Practices 1970s.
 - American Indian women and girls were sterilized without their knowledge or consent (Schanche Hodge, 2012).
 - ➤ General Accounting Office Report-3,406 American Indian females between the ages of 15 to 44 years old were sterilized by Indian Health Services doctors in four of the 12 IHS regions between 1973-76 (Schanche Hodge, 2012, p. 433).
 - ➤ Permission forms
 - ➤ Medical consent forms were inadequate, illegally obtained, and not in compliance with IHS regulations (Schanche Hodge, 2012, p. 433).



Research Trauma

- ➤ Havasupai and Arizona State University Study
 - ➤ 200 blood samples obtained with agreement to study type 2 diabetes for Havasupai Indian tribe (Schanche Hodge, 2012).
 - ➤ Without tribe's knowledge samples removed from study site and used for non-diabetes studies including genetic basis of schizophrenia and inbreeding (Schanche Hodge, 2012).
 - ➤ Publications produced and doctoral dissertation (Schanche Hodge, 2012).
 - Cultural belief is that all biological human material must be intact for the individual to travel to the afterlife; however, the location of some of the blood samples were unknown (Schanche Hodge, 2012).

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Research Trauma

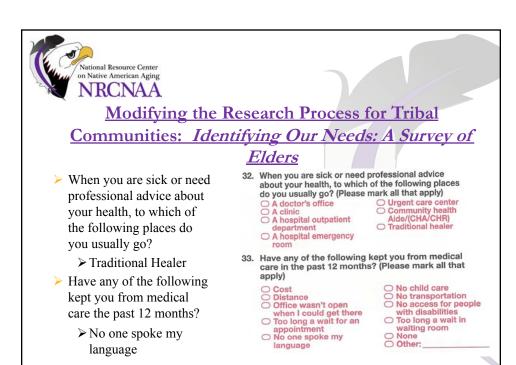
- > Benefit Researcher (One-Sided Helicopter Research)
 - > Academic publications, reports, etc.
- No Benefit to Tribal Community
 - ➤ Do not see the results
 - > Do not own the data
 - > Feel used
 - ➤ Data collected does not change policy or assist inbringing in resources to the community to address health and social issues.



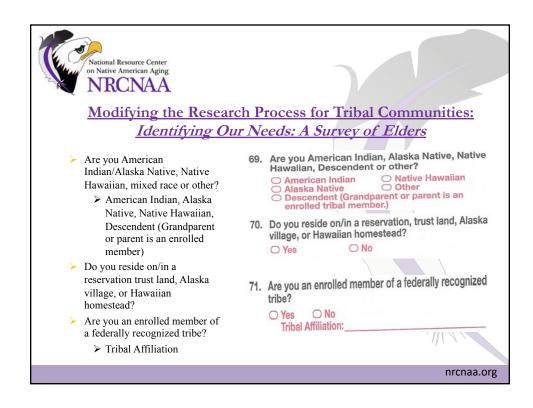
Modifying the Research Process for Tribal Communities: Identifying Our Needs: A Survey of Elders

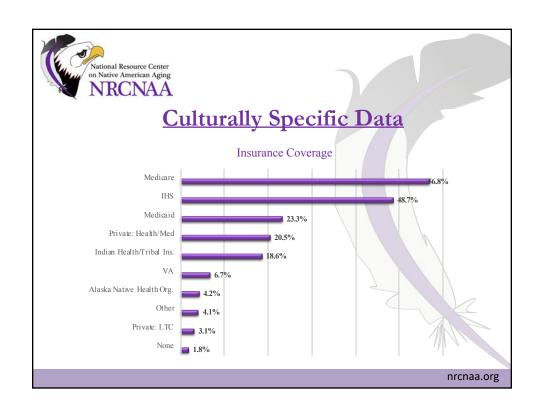
- > Tribal Resolution
- Survey Administered by Staff or Volunteer from Tribal Title VI office.
- > Tribal Title VI Director (Liason)
- Building Tribal Research Capacity
- Data owned by tribe
 - ➤ NRCNAA serves as "guardian" or "gatekeeper" of the data; we are unable to transfer data files.
- Tribal Participatory Research Model

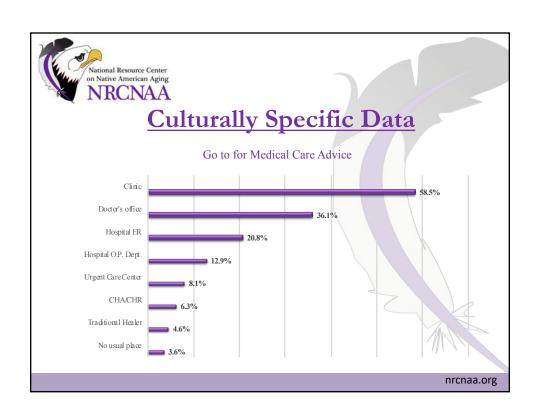


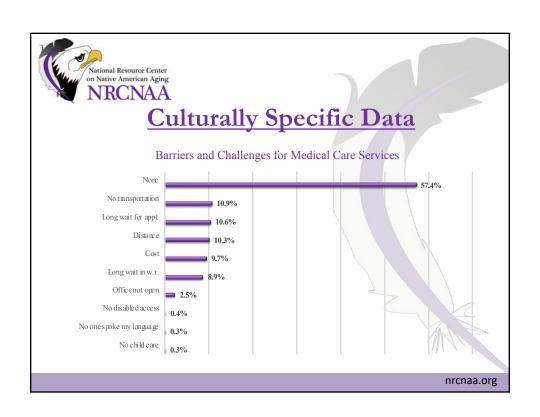


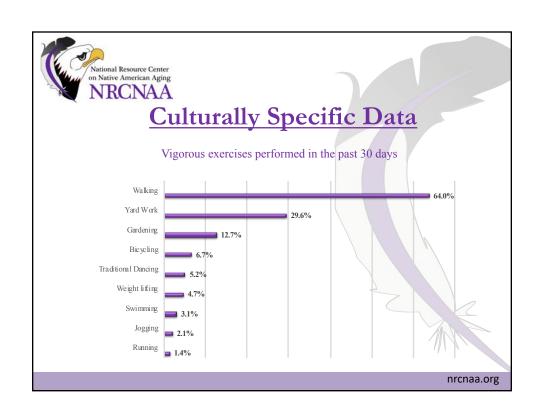
National Resource Center on Native American Aging NRCNAA	
Modifying the Res	search Process for Tribal Communities:
, ,	Our Needs: A Survey of Elders
 Over the past 30 days, what vigorous exercises did you do? Traditional Dancing (Pow-wow, Hula) Do you participate in cultural practices that include traditional food, music, and customs? How often do you get out and socialize? Cultural activities/traditional ceremonies 	43. Over the past 30 days, what vigorous exercises did you do? (Please mark all that apply) Aerobics Bicycling or bicycling on a stationary bike on the stational process that include traditional food, music, and customs? All of the time on the time on the stational ceremonies or cultural activities or cultural ceremonies on cultural ceremonies on the stationary of the stational ceremonies on the stationary of the
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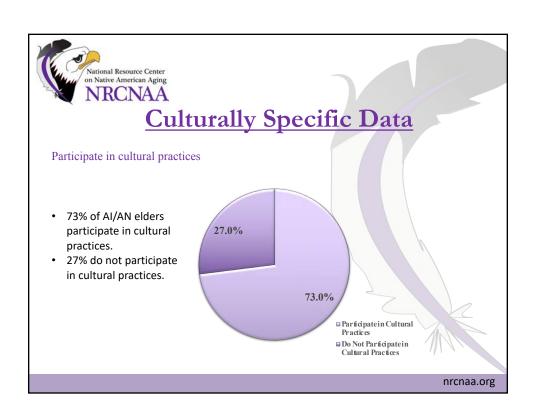


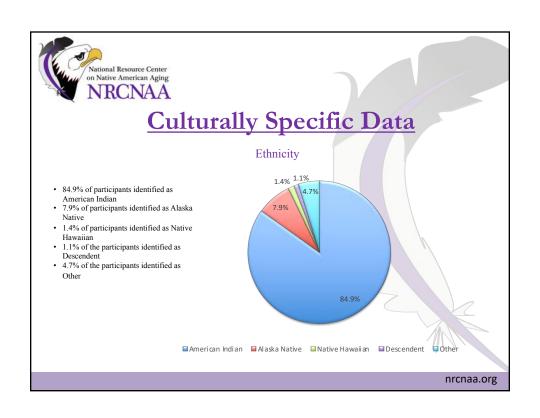


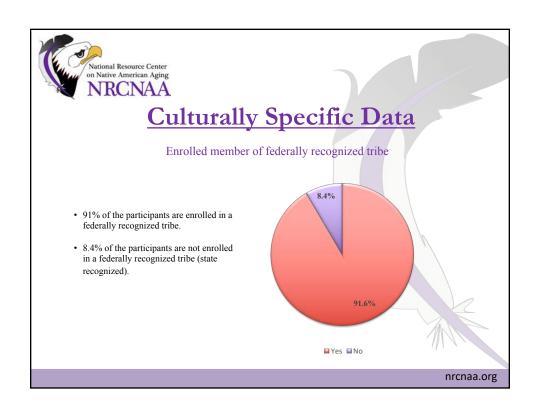














Research and Tribal Communities

- Partnership with the Tribe
 - Open communication and transparency about the research and data
- Building Tribal Capacity
 - People within the community administering surveys and assisting in conducting the research.
- Obtaining proper permission to conduct research within tribal community
 - · Tribal Resolutions
 - · Tribal IRB or RRB Boards
- Benefits to the partners (tribe and researcher)
 - Data assists in bring additional resources or funding to address health and social issues or disparities. Helps to change policy relating to the AI/AN elder population.
- Tribe owns data

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